## Reading Standards for Informational Text K-5

	Kindergartners:		Grade 1 students:		Grade 2 students
Key Ideas	Key Ideas and Details				
1. With ques	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	1.	Ask and answer questions about key details in a 1 text.	l. Ask and where, unders	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
2. With topic	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	2	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.	2. Identify I as well a the text.	v ÷ ;
3. With connides	With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.	ы	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.	<ol> <li>Descrii historio steps i</li> </ol>	Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.
Craft and	Craft and Structure				
4. With ques	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	4	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.	4. Detern text re	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 2 topic or subject area</i> .
5. Iden	Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.	ក្រ	Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.	5. Know captio indexe facts c	Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.
6. Nam defir	Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.	6	information provided by strations and information ds in a text.	6. Identify t what the describe	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.
Integrati	integration of Knowledge and Ideas				
7. With relation withing	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts).	7.	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.	7. Explai showii clarify	Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
8. With reason text.	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	ώ	Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	8. Descriatho	Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.
9. With simi text described	With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	Ģ	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	9. Comp	Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.
Range o	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	<b>V</b>			
10. Acti	Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	70.	With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.	10. By the inform studie grade with s range.	By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

## Reading Standards for Informational Text K-5

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Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity  10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.	Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).	Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.	Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 3 topic or subject area</i> .	ft and Structure	Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	Grade 3 students  Key Ideas and Details
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By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4–5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	Integrate information from two texts on the same 9, topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence 8. to support particular points in a text.	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.		Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.	Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, 5. comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.	Determine the meaning of general academic 4. and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 4 topic or subject area</i> .		Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in 3. a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.	Determine the main idea of a text and explain 2. how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.	Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	erade 4 students:
10. By sinf en en inc						İ	Det and rele		Exp two con text	Det exp surr	Que wha infe	
By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.		Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.	Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 5 topic or subject area</i> .		Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.	Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.	Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	Clade Stitutellis

Writing Standards K-5

The following standards for K-5 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. Each year in their writing, students should demonstrate increasing sophistication in all aspects of language use, from vocabulary and syntax to the development and organization of ideas, and they should address increasingly demanding content and sources. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades. The expected growth in student writing ability is reflected both in the standards themselves and in the collection of annotated student writing samples in Appendix C.

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(Begins in grade 3)	70.	(Begins in grade 3)	10.	). (Begins in grade 3)	10.
				Range of Writing	Ra
(Begins in grade 4)	9.	(Begins in grade 4)	ဖ	. (Begins in grade 4)	9.
Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	òο	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	œ	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	ώ
Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).	7.	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).	7.	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).	7. 7.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Research to Build and Present Knowledge	Re ec
With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	6.	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	_ ص	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	ò
With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.	. a j	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	Ն	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	<b>ў</b> л !
(Begins in grade 3)	4.	(Begins in grade 3)	4.	(Begins in grade 3)	4.
				Production and Distribution of Writing	Pro
Write narratives in which they recount a well- elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.	3.	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.	М	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.	й
Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.	, ,	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.	И	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.	'n
Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.		Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.	-	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is ).	und .
Grade 2 students:		Grade I students:		Kindergaithers: Text Types and Purposes	Text

### Grade 3 students

### Text Types and Purposes

- Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.
- Introduce the topic or text they are writing organizational structure that lists reasons. about, state an opinion, and create an
- Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, Provide reasons that support the opinion. therefore, since, for example) to connect

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Provide a concluding statement or section.

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opinion and reasons.

topic and convey ideas and information clearly. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a

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- Ò. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and Introduce a topic and group related when useful to aiding comprehension. information together; include illustrations
- Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information.

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Provide a concluding statement or section.

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М experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. Write narratives to develop real or imagined

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related to the information or explanation

presented

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- Ö Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, Establish a situation and introduce a narrator that unfolds naturally. and/or characters; organize an event sequence
- and events or show the response of characters to situations. thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences
- Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order.
- Provide a sense of closure.

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### Grade 4 students

- point of view with reasons and information, Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a in which related ideas are grouped to support opinion, and create an organizational structure introduce a topic or text clearly, state an
- and details. Provide reasons that are supported by facts

the writer's purpose.

Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).

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- Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
- ā topic and convey ideas and information clearly. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a
- aiding comprehension. include formatting (e.g., headings), Information in paragraphs and sections; Introduce a topic clearly and group related illustrations, and multimedia when useful to
- concrete details, quotations, or other Develop the topic with facts, definitions, information and examples related to the topic.
- example, also, because). Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for

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- Provide a concluding statement or section vocabulary to inform about or explain the Use precise language and domain-specific
- experiences or events using effective technique, Write narratives to develop real or imagined descriptive details, and clear event sequences

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- Orient the reader by establishing a situationand introducing a narrator and/or unfolds naturally. characters; organize an event sequence that
- of characters to situations. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses

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to manage the sequence of events. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases

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٥ Use concrete words and phrases and sensory precisely. details to convey experiences and events

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narrated experiences or events. Provide a conclusion that follows from the

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- point of view with reasons and information. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a
- Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an the writer's purpose. in which ideas are logically grouped to support opinion, and create an organizational structure
- supported by facts and details. Provide logically ordered reasons that are

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- ဂ and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases,
- Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented

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Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

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- Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general
- useful to aiding comprehension. headings), illustrations, and multimedia when information logically; include formatting (e.g., observation and focus, and group related
- 'n Ò. Link ideas within and across categories of information and examples related to the topic. concrete details, quotations, or other Develop the topic with facts, definitions, information using words, phrases, and clauses
- ٩ Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the (e.g., in contrast, especially).
- related to the information or explanation Provide a concluding statement or section presented.
- descriptive details, and clear event sequences experiences or events using effective technique, Write narratives to develop real or imagined
- Orient the reader by establishing a situation naturally organize an event sequence that unfolds and introducing a narrator and/or characters;
- Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, of characters to situations. experiences and events or show the responses description, and pacing, to develop
- Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
- Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
- ø narrated experiences or events. Provide a conclusion that follows from the

audiences.

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Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and

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Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for

a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and

a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for

audiences.

### Writing Standards K-5

		Range of Writing
(e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").  b. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").	(e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").  b. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").	
Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  a. Apply <i>grade 5 Reading standards</i> to literature	Draw evidence from literary or informational 9. texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature	9. (Begins in grade 4) 9.
Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.
Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.	Conduct short research projects that build 7. knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.	<ol> <li>Conduct short research projects that build</li> <li>knowledge about a topic.</li> </ol>
		Research to Build and Present Knowledge
With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.	<ol> <li>With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.</li> </ol>
With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 5 on pages 28 and 29.)	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing, (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 4 on pages 28 and 29.)	5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 3 on pages 28 and 29.)
iting in w are appr . (Grade- are defin	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)	<ol> <li>With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)</li> </ol>
Grade 5 students:	Grade 4 students:	Grade 3 students: Production and Distribution of Writing

## Speaking and Listening Standards K-5

The following standards for K-5 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications.

Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered

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Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.	Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	<ol> <li>Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.</li> </ol>	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.	<ul> <li>b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> </ul>	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>kindergarten topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger	Kindergariners  Comprehension and Collaboration	in preceding grades.
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Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 1 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 26 for specific expectations.)	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	<ul> <li>b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.</li> <li>c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> </ul>	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>grade 1 topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	Grade 1 Students:	
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Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 2 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 26 and 27 for specific expectations.).	Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	<ul> <li>b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.</li> <li>c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</li> </ul>	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about <i>grade 2 topics and texts</i> with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	Grade 2 students:	יחי חיפי הפגיפוסף פעוופ מונח מונחפו צומונותווף? ווומצופו פח

## Speaking and Listening Standards K-5

<u>ი</u>	Comprehension and Collaboration		Grade a sinterior		Grace Stricens:
<u>- 19</u>	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	<u>-</u>	Engage affectively in a range of collaborative	١/١	7
	discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher- led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 3 topics and</i> <i>texts</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing	:	discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expression		discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and teacher-leds with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and teach building on others' ideas and conversions.
	<ul> <li>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under</li> </ul>		a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information brown about the topic to explore ideas in the control of the control		a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information in the preparation and other information.
	discussion.  b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g.,		discussion. b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and		discussion.  b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and
	gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).		carry out assigned roles.  c. Pose and respond to specific questions to		
	<ul> <li>Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others.</li> </ul>				
	d. Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.		<ul> <li>a. Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>d. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.</li> </ul>
. 12	Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	12	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	'n	Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
ω	Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.	М	Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.	М	Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
Pre	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas				
: 4; 4;	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.	4,	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	4,	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
ຸ້ນ	Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.	ម ក	Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.	ŗι	include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
စ်	Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 3 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 28 and 29 for specific expectations.)	တ	Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 on pages 28 and 29 for specific expectations.)	<u>ဂ</u>	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task an situation. (See grade 5 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 28 and 29 for specific expectations.)

## Speaking and Listening Standards 6-12

and applications. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades. The following standards for grades 6-12 offer a focus for instruction in each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills

Grade 7 students

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expressing their own clearly. discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-Engage effectively in a range of collaborative led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, and issues, building on others' ideas and

Comprehension and Collaboration

Grade 6 students

- ideas under discussion. the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on that preparation by referring to evidence on studied required material; explicitly draw on Come to discussions prepared, having read or
- Follow rules for collegial discussions, set individual roles as needed specific goals and deadlines, and define

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that contribute to the topic, text, or issue elaboration and detail by making comments Pose and respond to specific questions with under discussion,

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Review the key ideas expressed and paraphrasing. perspectives through reflection and demonstrate understanding of multiple

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Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) issue under study. and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or

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М Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning

Delineate a speaker's argument and specific

visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the Analyze the main ideas and supporting details

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ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study, presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,

and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

### expressing their own clearly. texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and Engage effectively in a range of collaborative led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-

- evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe Come to discussions prepared, having read draw on that preparation by referring to or researched material under study; explicitly
- Ò Follow rules for collegial discussions, track and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- ö and define individual roles as needed. progress toward specific goals and deadlines,
- with relevant observations and ideas that bring Pose questions that elicit elaboration and the discussion back on topic as needed respond to others' questions and comments

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Acknowledge new information expressed by

- others and, when warranted, modify their own

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expressing their own clearly. texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-Engage effectively in a range of collaborative

Glade 8 students

- Ö evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe Come to discussions prepared, having read draw on that preparation by referring to or researched material under study, explicitly and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- individual roles as needed. specific goals and deadlines, and define decision-making, track progress toward Follow rules for collegial discussions and
- evidence, observations, and ideas. questions and comments with relevant several speakers and respond to others Pose questions that connect the ideas of
- ō Acknowledge new information expressed justify their own views in light of the evidence by others, and, when warranted, qualify or
- in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives Analyze the purpose of information presented
- identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced. and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning Delineate a speaker's argument and specific presentation. (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its

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### Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

4.

and clear pronunciation. logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume,

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- ψī presentations to clarify information. images, music, sound) and visual displays in Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,
- ტ expectations.) standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language demonstrating command of formal English when Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,

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- volume, and clear pronunciation, examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate Present claims and findings, emphasizing with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and salient points in a focused, coherent manner
- findings and emphasize salient points. Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and

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- standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language demonstrating command of formal English when Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,
- Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient volume, and clear pronunciation. details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant

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indicated or appropriate. (See grade 8 Language presentations to clarify information, strengthen Integrate multimedia and visual displays into expectations.) standards I and 3 on page 52 for specific demonstrating command of formal English when Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, claims and evidence, and add interest.

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## Speaking and Listening Standards 6-12

The CCR anchor standards and high school grade-specific standards work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

# Grades 9-10 students

The second secon			
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11-12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.)	ge 6.	<ol> <li>Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 9-10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 54 for specific expectations.)</li> </ol>	
Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	, 35, 5, 5,	<ol> <li>Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.</li> </ol>	<u>ن</u>
Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.	ě, 4.	<ol> <li>Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.</li> </ol>	4.
		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	្រប
Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	toric, 3.	<ol><li>Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence,</li></ol>	М
Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	rmats 2. of	2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.	. 2
d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	heir e	d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.	
c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.	ate		
<ul> <li>b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision- making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</li> </ul>	ded.	-	
a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.	nder n l,		
Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grades 11-12 topics</i> , <i>texts</i> , and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	9 <i>–70</i> n	$\Sigma \subset \sigma \times$	
是1970年1月1日,1970年1月1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1日1		COMPLETIONS OF BUILDING COMPLETE STATES OF THE STATES OF T	16

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By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

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By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

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By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades IT-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

## Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies 6-12

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The standards below begin at grade 6; standards for K-5 reading in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are integrated into the K-5 Reading standards. The CCR anchor standards and high school standards in literacy work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

<b>6</b>	Key Ideas and Details				
<u>.</u>	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources.	<b>.</b>	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.	ا ب ا	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole.
2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	'n	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text.	2	Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas.
W	Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest rates are raised or lowered).	ία	Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.	Μ	Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.
ဂ္	Craft and Structure				
÷	betterning the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies.	4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social studies.	4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).
ίν	Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).	ហ	Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.	'n	Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole.
, o	Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's point of view or purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).	<u>ဂ</u>	Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts.	ò	Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence.
nt	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas				
.7	Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts.	7	Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text.	7.	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
ώ	Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text.	œ	Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.	œ	Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information.
9	Analyze the relationship between a primary and secondary source on the same topic.	9.	Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources.	90	Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources.

Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6-12

providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity. standards. The CCR anchor standards and high school standards in literacy work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former The standards below begin at grade 6; standards for K-5 writing in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are integrated into the K-5 Writing

### Glades 6-8 studentis

### Text Types and Purposes

- Write arguments focused on discipline-specific
- Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, alternate or opposing claims, and organize the acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from reasons and evidence logically.

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Use words, phrases, and clauses to create relevant, accurate data and evidence that Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and cohesion and clarify the relationships among demonstrate an understanding of the topic or claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence text, using credible sources.

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Provide a concluding statement or section Establish and maintain a formal style. that follows from and supports the argument

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Write arguments focused on discipline-specific

Gades 9/10 students

Grades II – Pistudenist

- Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. clear relationships among the claim(s)
- Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a pointing out the strengths and limitations supplying data and evidence for each while that anticipates the audience's knowledge discipline-appropriate form and in a manner level and concerns.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the Establish and maintain a formal style and and between claim(s) and counterclaims. and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) major sections of the text, create cohesion,
- Provide a concluding statement or section presented. that follows from or supports the argument are writing.

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- and create an organization that establishes claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims,

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the text, create cohesion, and clarify the

relationships between claim(s) and reasons,

between reasons and evidence, and between

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objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they

- Write arguments focused on discipline-specific
- Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or establish the significance of the claim(s), opposing claims, and create an organization counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. that logically sequences the claim(s),
- Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and and evidence for each while pointing out the thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data varied syntax to link the major sections of that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- Establish and maintain a formal style and and conventions of the discipline in which they objective tone while attending to the norms claim(s) and counterclaims.

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Provide a concluding statement or section presented. that follows from or supports the argument

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requirement)

(See note; not applicable as a separate

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requirement)

(See note; not applicable as a separate

# Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6–12

## Grades 6-8 sittlents GE0essalo sudens Grades 11-12 students:

procedures//experiments, or technical processes Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientifical

Text Types and Purposes (continued)

- Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what charts; tables); and multimedia: when useful to appropriate to achieving purpose; include information into broader categories as is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and aiding comprehension. formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g.,
- Ò, ņ Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen Use appropriate and varied transitions to or other information and examples. facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations
- ö Use precise language and domain-specific create cohesion and clarify the relationships vocabulary to inform about or explain the among ideas and concepts.
- Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.
- follows from and supports the information or Provide a concluding statement or section that explanation presented

the narration of historical events, scientific Write informative/explanatory texts, including

procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas,

element builds on that which precedes it to

the narration of historical events, scientific Write informative/explanatory texts, including

- Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important aiding comprehension. formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., connections and distinctions; include
- Ò. and sufficient facts, extended definitions, audience's knowledge of the topic. concrete details, quotations, or other
- Ö to link the major sections of the text, create ideas and concepts.
- the topic and convey a style appropriate to vocabulary to manage the complexity of expertise of likely readers. the discipline and context as well as to the
- ø Establish and maintain a formal style and are writing. objective tone while attending to the norms
- implications or the significance of the topic) or explanation presented (e.g., articulating that follows from and supports the information Provide a concluding statement or section

- procedures/ experiments, or technical processes
- figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to
- information and examples appropriate to the Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant,

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comprehension.

most significant and relevant facts, extended Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the definitions, concrete details, quotations, or

the audience's knowledge of the topic. other information and examples appropriate to tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding

(e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, create a unified whole; include formatting concepts, and information so that each new

cohesion, and clarify the relationships among Use varied transitions and sentence structures

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Use precise language and domain-specific

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Use precise language, domain-specific

complex ideas and concepts

cohesion, and clarify the relationships among to link the major sections of the text, create Use varied transitions and sentence structures

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and conventions of the discipline in which they

that follows from and supports the information

implications or the significance of the topic). or explanation provided (e.g., articulating Provide a concluding statement or section context as well as to the expertise of likely in a style that responds to the discipline and of the topic; convey a knowledgeable stance simile, and analogy to manage the complexity vocabulary and techniques such as metaphor,

- (See note; not applicable as a separate
- М requirement)

procedures they use in their investigations or technical work that others can replicate them and (possibly) reach the same results. individuals or events of historical import. In science and technical subjects, students must be able to write precise enough descriptions of the step-by-step arguments and informative/explanatory texts. In history/social studies, students must be able to incorporate narrative accounts into their analyses of Students' narrative skills continue to grow in these grades. The Standards require that students be able to incorporate narrative elements effectively into

Note:

# Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6-12

<b>P</b> 6	Froduction and Distribution of Writing  4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task numbers and audience appropriate to task numbers.	4.	Grades 9-10 students  Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task purpose and audionce appropriate to task purpose and audionce.	) students;  rent writing in which  4. ization, and style are
ប់រ	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.  With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	ប	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.  Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	yπ
نام	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.	<b>ن</b> ق	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.	è è
Re 7.	Research to Build and Present Knowledge 7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.	7.	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	7.
ώ	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plaglarism and following a standard format for citation.	ώ	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	∞ .
) ဖ	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis reflection, and research.	. o	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	ort 9.
. i Ra	Range of Writing  10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	i.	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	ne 10.